

## Unleaded Aviation Gasoline Avgas today and tomorrow



### Aviation Gasoline Today

#### Avgas 100LL

- For all piston-engine aircrafts
- Worldwide specifications : ASTM D 910
- Tried-and-tested product (first introduced in 1947)
- Existing Avgas production & Distribution infrastructure



But,

- Only 2 majors producing Avgas 100LL in Europe + 2 regional players
- Evolution of regulations towards lead free aviation gasoline



### Aviation Gasoline Evolution



ASTM D 910 specifies a maximum content for TEL in 100LL AVGAS but no minimum → options for reducing lead emissions

#### Avgas 100 « ULL »

- Reduction of lead content in 100LL (-10% to -25%) => decision 2011
- Same specifications as 100LL
- Same marketing and logistic
- No change for the market



### Aviation Gasoline Tomorrow



#### Unleaded Aviation Gasoline : UL??

- 1st. scenario : intermediary grade between 100LL and the new UL91
  - Engine manufacturers to adapt engines to a MON<100 (targetted : MON 94)
  - Long process to adapt and approve the existing aircrafts fleet
  - Technically possible towards 2015
  - 100LL progressively disappearing till 2020-2025
- 2nd. scenario : grade replacing 100LL
  - Nearly no need to adapt engines
  - Faster switch from 100LL to this new grade
  - But still many problems to meet all 100LL specifications ...



### Unleaded Aviation Gasoline evolution

#### Background

- EPA (US. Environmental Protection Agency) put pressure to eliminate the use of lead.
  - But it's very difficult to reach **Avgas 100LL specifications** without lead at competitive price
- GAMA (US. General Aviation Manufacturer Association) propose a transition period to get to an unleaded gasoline with suitable fittings of existing engines.
  - => to find a consensus around MON 94 (different positions from engine manufacturers !)
  - => to target MON 100 but with new ASTM specifications (heavy procedure for aviation !)
- SWIFT Ltd. propose a MON 102 product
  - New components to be tested
  - No industrial production (availability and cost of new components ?)
  - Long process to get ASTM specifications



### General Aviation Piston Powered Fleet is a key factor for any change

- US represents 2/3 of the total worldwide piston fleet and remain leader for any evolution in general aviation
- The US piston fleet consists of 190 000 aircraft
- 44 % of GA fleet requires a minimum grade 100LL for both performance and knock protection

A decision to stop marketing Avgas 100LL cannot be taken without a credible alternative in the market and several years notice are necessary.

A lot of works is done by all parties to find the best alternative but the process will be long anyway and Avgas 100LL will remain available in the meantime.



**Unleaded Aviation Gasoline**  
for aircrafts powered by Rotax engine

**Avgas UL 91**



**Avgas UL 91**  
**PleinVol**  
June 2010



**Why Total is launching Avgas UL 91 ?**  
**ULM market first...**



► To bring a **technical solution\*** supported on the approval of an **international spécification\*\*** (ASTM D7547)

- \* Lead in avgas 100LL may generate maintenance overcosts on Rotax engines.
- \*\* A 91/96 UL grade is marketed by Hjelmo in Sweden with own spécifications but with the approval of some engine manufacturers (Lycoming, Rotax).

► To capitalise on **Quality and Safety** of our products among the endusers, engine manufacturers and federations

► To be prepared for the future lead free high octane gasoline



**Avgas UL 91 - Current Steps**

- New **ASTM D7547** issued nov. 2009 for grade UL91 and revised April 2010
- Approved by Rotax : Avgas UL 91 meeting ASTM D7547 is now included in the Rotax Service Instruction. (document intended to their customers)
- EASA (European Aviation Safety Agency) should publish a Safety Information Bulletin on the ASTM D7547 Aviation gasoline

**TOTAL Avgas UL 91 will be marketed in 2011**



**Avgas UL 91 main characteristics**

**1. MON 91**

- higher performances than automotive gasoline  
MON 85 for SP95  
MON 87 for SP98
- to meet the new international specification ASTM D7547
- ASTM D7547 is the future reference for the military requirements
- Colour of Avgas UL 91 : **Orange**

**2. No bio-components**

- not accepted in the ASTM7547

**4. Vapor pressure same as for 100LL**

**5. Contain only Aviation approved additives**

**6. Guaranteed minimum energy onboard**

**7. Same source of components for UL 91 and 100LL**



**Avgas UL 91 FAQ**

► **Avgas UL 91 vs automotive gasoline (SP's)**

- real aviation gasoline with international ASTM specification
- except octane index, all technical specs same as 100LL
- stable vapor pressure over the year (**more variations for SP's**)
- quality control as severe as for 100LL to prevent from contamination
- additives approved by aircraft engine manufacturers
- freezing point -58°C **not required** for SP's (risk of filter lock)
- no bio-components, **evolutive bio contents** in SP's
- control on the energy/distance factor, various components in SP's
- control on gums and corrosion, **less severe** for SP's



## Avgas UL 91 FAQ

### ► Octane number 91 vs octane number 95 or 98 for SP's

- four octane index with four different results :  
RON (test F1), MON (test F2),  
aviation test F3 and Performance nr (test F4) in aviation
- MON 91 vs MON 85 for SP95  
MON 91 vs MON 87 for SP98
- huge difference between MON 91 and 85
- higher performances for engines switching from MON 85 to 91



## Avgas UL 91 FAQ

### ► Why an aviation grade ? I can fly easy with SP95 or SP98

- avgas UL 91 : more constraints but technically safer
- example of information letter from Dyn'Aero dated 04/09/2009 :  
  
« The trend seems to be oriented to a significant increase of the alcohol content in non-aviation gasolines and the presence of such components (alcohols) may  
    ➤ **spoil tank gasket quality**  
    ➤ **spoil gasoline hose gaskets**  
    ➤ **encourage water presence**  
    ➤ **increase the risk of vapor-lock and reduce flying autonomy.**  
Some authorities in Europe and in the US have taken disposition to reduce or prohibit the use of non-aviation fuels in aircrafts ».



## Avgas UL 91 FAQ

### ► Do all aircraft types accept avgas UL 91 ?

- **NO**
- pilots have to respect the safety instructions issued by the engine and aircraft manufacturers
- to date, only ROTAX recommends Avgas UL 91
- to date, EASA recommends avgas UL 91 for aircrafts with ROTAX engines.

